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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/578,403	11/13/2006	Reiner Fischer	2400.0320000/VLC/CMB	1672
	7590 02/24/201 SLER, GOLDSTEIN &	EXAMINER		
1100 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W.			BIANCHI, KRISTIN A	
WASHINGTON, DC 20005			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1626	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/24/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/578,403	FISCHER ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	KRISTIN BIANCHI	1626
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	opears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address
Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DESTRUCTION OF THE MAILING DESTRUCTION OF THE MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DESTRUCTION OF THE MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DESTRUCTION OF THE MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DESTRUCTION OF THE MAILING DESTR	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be divill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 L</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, p	
Disposition of Claims		
 4) Claim(s) 2-6,8,9,11-15 and 17-19 is/are pend 4a) Of the above claim(s) 17-19 is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 2-6,8,9 and 11 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 12-15 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/a 	awn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So ction is required if the drawing(s) is a	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documer application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applica ority documents have been rece au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ived in this National Stage
Attachment(s)	_	
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	Date

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 2-6, 8, 9, 11-15, and 17-19 are pending in the instant application. Claims 17-19 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to non-elected subject matter. The withdrawn subject matter is patentably distinct from the elected subject matter as it differs in structure and element and would require separate search considerations. In addition, a reference which anticipates one group would not render obvious the other. Claims 2-6, 8, 9, and 11 are rejected. Claims 12-15 are objected.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on December 3, 2009 has been entered.

Response to Arguments/Remarks

The arguments/remarks filed on December 3, 2009 have been fully considered. In regards to the nonstatutory obviousness type double patenting rejections over US Patent No. 5,994,274, US Patent No. 5,981,567, US Patent No. 6,358,887, and US Patent No. 5,462,913, Applicants argue that the claims of '274, '567, '887, and '913 are directed to very broad/large geniuses of compounds. Therefore, the claims of '274, '567, '887, and '913 do not point to a "typical," "preferred," or "optimum" species or subgenus

that would point one of skill in the art to the claimed subject matter. Applicants also argue that the claims of '274, '567, '887, and '913 are too broad for a person of ordinary skill in the art to "at once envisage" the claimed compounds of the present invention. Applicants argue that the Office is employing impermissible hindsight in picking the appropriate variables from among the numerous choices in the compounds claimed in '274, '567, '887, and '913 in order to arrive at the compounds of the present invention. These arguments are not found to be persuasive because even though the claims of '274, '567, '887, and '913 are directed to broad/large geniuses of compounds, the compounds of the instant claims are included in these geniuses of compounds. In other words, the compounds of the instant claims are already covered/patented by US Patent No. 5,994,274, US Patent No. 5,981,567, US Patent No. 6,358,887, and US Patent No. 5,462,913. Therefore, the submission of terminal disclaimers is required and the nonstatutory obviousness type double patenting rejections over US Patent No. 5,994,274, US Patent No. 5,981,567, US Patent No. 6,358,887, and US Patent No. 5,462,913 are maintained and are described below.

Maintained Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422

F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 2-6, 8, 9, and 11 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-9 of U.S. Patent No. 5,994,274. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other for the reasons given below.

U.S. Patent No. 5,994,274 discloses (i.e., claim 1) compounds of formula (I)

wherein X is alkyl, Y can be alkyl, Z can be halogen, Het can be , and A and B, together with the carbon atom to which they are bonded, represent a saturated or unsaturated, optionally substituted carbocycle or heterocycle. Compounds of this formula include compounds of the instant claims. U.S. Patent No. 5,994,274 also discloses the same process of making compounds of formula (I) (i.e., claim 5) as in the instant claims as well as the same methods of using the compounds. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to make the compounds of the instant claims given U.S. Patent No. 5,994,274 and to use them in pesticides and/or herbicides for controlling animal pests and/or unwanted vegetation.

Claims 2-5, 8 and 9 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-3, 5 and 6 of U.S. Patent No. 5,981,567. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other for the reasons given below.

U.S. Patent No. 5,981,567 discloses (i.e., claim 1) compounds of formula

wherein Z can be halogen, n can be 1, Y can be C1-C6-

alkyl, and X can be C1-C6-alkyl and these compounds include compounds of the instant claims. U.S. Patent No. 5,981,567 also discloses that these compounds can be used in an arthropodicidal or nematicidal composition and in a method to combat arthropods or nematods. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to make the compounds of the instant claims given U.S. Patent No. 5,981,567 and to use those compounds in pesticides and in a method for controlling animal pests.

Claims 2-5, 8 and 9 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-3, 6, 7, and 8 of U.S. Patent No. 6,358,887. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other for the reasons given below.

U.S. Patent No. 6,358,887 discloses compounds of formula (I) (i.e., claim 1) wherein X can be halogen, Y can be C1-C6-alkyl and Z can be C1-C6-alkyl and compounds of this formula include compounds of the instant claims. U.S. Patent No. 6,358,887 also discloses methods of combating pests and weeds. Therefore, it would

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have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to make the compounds of the instant claims given U.S. Patent No. 6,358,887 and to use those compounds in pesticides and/or herbicides in a method for controlling animal pests and/or unwanted vegetation.

Claims 2-5, 8 and 9 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-6 of U.S. Patent No. 5,462,913.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other for the reasons given below.

U.S. Patent No. 5,462,913 discloses (i.e., claim 1) compounds of the formula

and these compounds include compounds of the instant claims. U.S.

Patent No. 5,462,913 also discloses that these compounds can be used in an pesticidal, arthropodicidal, nematicidal or herbicidal composition and in a method to combat pests. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to make the compounds of the instant claims given U.S. Patent No. 5,462,913 and to use those compounds in pesticides and/or herbicides and in a method for controlling animal pests and/or unwanted vegetation.

Claim Objections

Claims 12-15 are objected for depending on a rejected base claim.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to KRISTIN BIANCHI whose telephone number is (571)270-5232. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 7am-3:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph McKane can be reached on 571-272-0699. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Kamal A Saeed/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1626 Kristin Bianchi Examiner Art Unit 1626 Page 7
